reproduce content media such as a digital versatile disc (DVD), or may connect a network to reproduce streaming content from the content server. A camera 14 is a stereo camera, and photographs the user sitting in front of a display apparatus 11 which is a television at a predetermined cycle, and provides a photographed image to the information processing apparatus 10.

[0018] The object control system 1 controls an action of the robot 20 that is an actual object, by deducing the feeling from the reaction of the user. Basically, the action of the robot 20, which supports the game play of the user, is controlled so as to be pleased with the user for expressing sympathy for the user, and to provide the user with the joint viewing experience. Note that the object control system 1 of the embodiment manages the internal states of the robot 20 and the user. For example, if the robot 20's popularity rating for the user is low, the object control system 1 controls the action so as not to be pleased (no sympathy) together even when the user is pleased. Note that, in a case in which the robot 20 virtually participates in the game as an opponent player of the user, the action may be controlled so as to be sad conversely when the user is pleased. Basically, the robot 20 expresses feeling by contents of the speech indicating feeling, but may express feeling by moving its body.

[0019] FIG. 3 illustrates a diagram of an input/output system of the robot 20. A control unit 30 is a main processor that processes and outputs various data such as audio data and sensor data, and an instruction. A microphone 22 collects surrounding audio and converts it into an audio signal, and a camera 24 photographs the surrounding and acquires a photographed image. A storage unit 26 temporarily stores data and instructions processed by the control unit 30. A communication unit 32 transmits data being output from the control unit 30 to the external information processing apparatus 10 by wireless communication via an antenna. The communication unit 32 also receives the audio data and drive data from the information processing apparatus 10 by wireless communication via the antenna, and outputs the data to the control unit 30.

[0020] When receiving the audio data, the control unit 30 provides the audio to a speaker 36 and causes the speaker 36 to output the audio. When receiving the drive data, the control unit 30 causes a motor of a drive mechanism 34 to be rotated. The drive mechanism 34 includes the motor incorporated in the joint portion that is a movable part of the robot 20 and a link mechanism for connecting the motors. The arms, the leg, the neck, etc. of the robot 20 are moved by driving the motor.

[0021] FIG. 4 illustrates a diagram of a configuration of the object control system that controls the object. The object control system 1 includes a feeling deduction unit 100, an internal state management unit 110, an action management unit 120, an internal state storage unit 130, and an output processing unit 140. The internal state storage unit 130 has an object internal state storage unit 132 and a user internal state storage unit 134. The feeling deduction unit 100 includes a first feeling deduction unit 102, a second feeling deduction unit 104, and a third feeling deduction unit 106, and performs a process of deducing feelings with these three systems.

[0022] The object control system 1 also includes the camera 14 for photographing the user, a biological sensor 15 for detecting biological information of the user, a motion sensor 16 for detecting a motion of the user, a microphone

17 for acquiring audio signals around the user, and an event detection unit 40 for detecting occurrence of an event.

[0023] In FIG. 4, each element, being described as a functional block that performs various processing, may include, a circuit block, a memory, other large-scale integrated circuits (LSIs) in terms of hardware, and may be achieved by a program loaded into the memory, etc., in terms of software. Therefore, it is understood by the person skilled in the art that these functional blocks may be achieved in various forms by only hardware, only software, or a combination thereof, and is not limited to any of them. [0024] In FIG. 4, each configuration of the feeling deduction unit 100, the internal stare management unit 110, the action management unit 120, the internal state storage unit 130, and the output processing unit 140 is provided in the information processing apparatus 10, and the Information processing apparatus 10 may control the action of the robot 20. Further, each configuration of the feeling deduction unit 100, the internal state management unit 110, the action management unit 120, the internal state storage unit 130, and the output processing unit 140 is provided in the robot 20, and the robot 20 may control its own action autonomously. In this case, the robot 20 includes an autonomous robot and may act alone. In addition, a part of the feeling deduction unit 100, the internal state management unit 110, the action management unit 120, the internal state storage unit 130, and the output processing unit 140 may be provided in the information processing apparatus 10, and the rest may be provided in the robot 20. In this case, the information processing apparatus 10 and the robot 20 cooperate with each other and operate to control the action of the robot 20. [0025] Thus, the object control system 1 illustrated in FIG. 4 may be achieved in various manners. In a case in which each of the above-described configurations is provided in the information processing apparatus 10, it is sufficient that the audio signal acquired by the microphone 22 of the robot 20 and the photographed image that is photographed by the camera 24 may be transmitted to the information processing apparatus 10 for use in processing in the information processing apparatus 10. Further, in a case in which each of the above-described configurations is provided in the robot 20, it is sufficient that the audio signal acquired by the microphone 17 connected to the information processing apparatus 10 and the photographed image that is photographed by the camera 14 may be transmitted to the robot 20 for use in processing in the robot 20. In addition, it is sufficient that the audio signal or the photographed image may be acquired by a microphone or a camera other than illustrated and may be provided to the information processing apparatus 10 or the robot 20. In the following, for convenience of explanation, as a representative, the camera 14 photographs the user, and the microphone 17 collects the user's utterance and converts it into the audio signal.

[0026] The feeling deduction unit 100 deduces the user's feeling on the basis of the outputs of various sensors and data from an external server. The feeling deduction unit 100 deduces the user's feeling by deriving an evaluation value for each of feeling indexes such as joy, anger, love, and surprise. In the embodiment, the user's feeling is expressed by a simple model, and the feeling deduction unit 100 deduces the user's feeling from three evaluation values: good feeling (positive feeling), bad feeling (negative feeling), and neither good nor bad feeling (neutral feeling). Note that in a practical use, each of "positive" and "negative" may